

## 1Z0-052 Oracle 11i

### Oracle Oracle Database 11g: Administration I

**Practice Exam:** 1Z0-052 Exams

**Exam Number/Code:** 1Z0-052

**Exam Name:** Oracle Database 11g: Administration I

**Questions and Answers:** 209 Q&As

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1. Which is the correct description of a pinned buffer in the database buffer cache?

- A. The buffer is currently being accessed.
- B. The buffer is empty and has not been used.
- C. The contents of the buffer have changed and must be flushed to the disk by the DBWn process.
- D. The buffer is a candidate for immediate aging out and its contents are synchronized with the block contents on the disk.

Answer: A

2. View the Exhibit.

Which statements are true regarding the USERS tablespace? (Choose all that apply.)

- A. A bitmap is used to record free extents.
- B. Free extents information is managed within the tablespace.
- C. Free extents information is managed in the SYSAUX tablespace.
- D. The data dictionary tables are updated when extents are allocated or deallocated.

Answer: AB

3. View the Exhibit and examine the parameters.

User A executes the following command to update the TRANS table:

```
SQL> UPDATE B.trans SET tr_amt=tr_amt+500 WHERE c_code='C005';
```

Before user A issues a COMMIT or ROLLBACK command, user B executes the following command on the TRANS table:

```
SQL> ALTER TABLE trans MODIFY (tr_type VARCHAR2(3));
```

What would happen in this scenario?

- A. The ALTER TABLE command modifies the column successfully.
- B. The DDL operation gets higher priority and transaction for user A is rolled back.
- C. The ALTER TABLE command waits indefinitely until user A ends the transaction.
- D. The ALTER TABLE command fails after waiting for 60 seconds due to the resource being busy.

Answer: D

4. View the Exhibit to examine the output produced by the following query at three different times since the database instance started and has experienced workloads of different capacities:

```
SQL> SELECT substr(component, 0, 10) COMP, current_size CS,  
user_specified_size US
```

```
FROM v$memory_dynamic_components
```

```
WHERE current_size!=0;
```

What do you infer from this?

- A. The database instance is running with manual PGA management.
- B. The database instance is running with manual shared memory management.
- C. The database instance has the MEMORY\_TARGET value set to a nonzero value.
- D. All sessions are connected to the database instance in dedicated mode, and no RMAN or parallel query operations have been performed.

Answer: C

5. View the Exhibit to examine the error that occurred during the database startup.

You opened an RMAN session for the database. To repair the failure, you executed the following command as the first RMAN command:

```
RMAN>REPAIR FAILURE;
```

Which statement describes the consequence of this command?

- A. The command performs the recovery and closes the failure.
- B. The command only displays the advice and the RMAN script required for recovery.
- C. The command executes the RMAN script to repair the failure and remove the entry from the Automatic Diagnostic Repository (ADR).
- D. The command produces an error because the ADVISE FAILURE command was not executed before the REPAIR FAILURE command.

Answer: D

6. You perform differential incremental level 1 backups of your database on each working day and level 0 backup on Sundays, to tape. Which two statements are true about differential incremental backups? (Choose two.)

- A. The backup performed on Sundays contains all the blocks that have ever been used in the database.
- B. The backup performed on Sundays contains all the blocks that have changed since the last level 1 backup.
- C. The backup performed on each working day contains all the blocks that have changed since the last level 0 backup.
- D. The backup performed on Monday contains all the blocks that have changed since the level 0 backup, and every other working day contains all the blocks that have changed since the level 1 backup.

Answer: AD

7. The database instance is currently using SPFILE. View the Exhibit and examine the error that you received while running the DB Structure Integrity check.

Given below are the steps to recover from the error in random order:

1. Shut down the instance, if not already done.
2. Copy one of the remaining control files to a new location.
3. Change the value of the CONTROL\_FILES initialization parameter to correspond to the new location of the control files.
4. Start up the database instance to the NOMOUNT stage.
5. Recover the database to the point of failure of the control file.
6. Open the database.

Identify the correct sequence of steps?

- A. 1, 2, 4, 3, 5, 6
- B. 2, 4, 3, 5, 6; 1 not required
- C. 4, 5, 6, 2, 3; 1 not required
- D. 5, 2, 3, 4; 1 and 6 not required

Answer: A

8. You are working on a new Oracle Database 11g server, where only the software is installed and no database is created. You plan to create a database on this server using the Database Configuration Assistant (DBCA).

Some of the requirements set for your database creation task are:

1. Configure the database to operate in shared server mode.
2. Disable automatic maintenance tasks such as optimizer statistics collection.
3. Configure a naming method to help the remote user connect to the database instance.
4. Use Automatic Storage Management (ASM) for storing the database files.
5. Configure daily database backup to flash recovery area.
6. Configure Enterprise Manager Database Control to manage the database.

Which of these requirements can be met while creating the database?

- A. 4 and 6
- B. 2, 3, 4, and 6
- C. 1, 2, 4, 5, and 6

D. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6

Answer: C

9. A user, who is authenticated externally, logs in to a remote machine and connects to the database instance. What action would you take to ensure that a user cannot connect to the database instance by merely logging in to a remote machine?

- A. Set REMOTE\_OS\_ROLES to FALSE.
- B. Set the OS\_ROLES parameter to FALSE.
- C. Set the REMOTE\_OS\_AUTHENT parameter to FALSE.
- D. Set the REMOTE\_LOGIN\_PASSWORD\_FILE parameter to NONE.

Answer: C

10. Your database instance is started using the server parameter file (SPFILE). You executed a command to change the value of the LOG\_BUFFER initialization parameter:

```
ALTER SYSTEM SET LOG_BUFFER=32M SCOPE=BOTH;
```

What would be the outcome of this command?

- A. The command succeeds only if Automatic Memory Management is not enabled.
- B. The command succeeds, but you need to restart the database for changes to take effect.
- C. The command returns an error because the size of the redo log buffer cannot be changed dynamically.
- D. The parameter value is changed and it comes into effect as soon as space becomes available in the System Global Area (SGA).

Answer: C

11. You are working on an instance started using the SPFILE. You want to move the Flash Recovery Area of your database to a new location. You want the Flashback log files to be stored in the new location. Given below are the steps to accomplish the task in random order:

- 1) Shut down the instance.
- 2) Change the value of the DB\_RECOVERY\_FILE\_DEST initialization parameter to a new value.
- 3) Execute the ALTER DATABASE FLASHBACK OFF command.
- 4) Start up the instance and mount the database.
- 5) Execute the ALTER DATABASE FLASHBACK ON command.
- 6) Open the database.

Select the correct order in which these tasks need to be performed.

- A. 2, 1, 4, 3, 5, 6
- B. 1, 4, 3, 2, 6, 5
- C. 1, 4, 2, 6, 3, 5
- D. 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6

Answer: A

12. Identify two situations in which you can use Data Recovery Advisor for recovery. (Choose two.)

- A. The database files are corrupted when the database is open.
- B. The user has dropped an important table that needs to be recovered.
- C. The archived redo log files are missing for which the backup is not available.
- D. The database is not opening because the required database files are missing.

Answer: AD

13. In which of the scenarios will the DBA perform recovery? (Choose all that apply.)

- A. The alert log file is corrupted.
- B. A tablespace is accidentally dropped.
- C. One of the redo log members is corrupted.
- D. A database user terminates the session abnormally.
- E. The hard disk on which the data file is stored is corrupted.

Answer: BE

14. Note the following structures in your database server:

1. Extents
2. OS Blocks
3. Tablespace
4. Segments
5. Oracle Data Block

Which option has the correct arrangement of these structures from the smallest to the largest?

- A. 2, 5, 1, 4, 3
- B. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
- C. 5, 2, 1, 3, 4
- D. 2, 1, 5, 4, 3

Answer: A

15. Examine the following output:

```
SQL> SELECT index_name,status FROM dba_indexes WHERE status='UNUSABLE';  
INDEX_NAME STATUS
```

```
-----  
EIND UNUSABLE
```

Which two statements about the above index are true? (Choose two.)

- A. It is ignored by the query optimizer.
- B. It is not used while the index is being rebuilt.
- C. The index cannot be rebuilt, and has to be re-created.
- D. The index is automatically rebuilt when used the next time.

Answer: AB

16. User A executes the following command to drop a large table in your database:

```
SQL> DROP TABLE trans;
```

while the drop table operation is in progress, user B executes the following command on the same table:

```
SQL> DELETE FROM trans WHERE tr_type='SL';
```

Which statement is true regarding the DELETE command?

- A. It fails to delete the records because the records are locked in SHARE mode.
- B. It deletes the rows successfully because the table is locked in SHARE mode.
- C. It fails to delete the records because the table is locked in EXCLUSIVE mode.
- D. It deletes the rows successfully because the table is locked in SHARE ROW EXCLUSIVE mode.

Answer: C

17. You have two tables with referential integrity enforced between them. You need to insert data to the child table first because it is going to be a long transaction and data for the parent table will be available in a later stage, which can be inserted as part of the same transaction.

View the Exhibit to examine the commands used to create tables.

Which action would you take to delay the referential integrity checking until the end of the transaction?

- A. Set the constraint to deferred before starting the transaction.
- B. Alter the constraint to NOVALIDATE state before starting the transaction.
- C. Enable the resumable mode for the session before starting the transaction.
- D. Set the COMMIT\_WAIT parameter to FORCE\_WAIT for the session before starting the transaction.

Answer: A

18. View the Exhibit to examine the details for an incident.

Which statement is true regarding the status of the incident?

- A. The DBA is working on the incident and prefers that the incident be kept in the ADR.
- B. The incident is now in the Done state and the ADR can select the incident to be purged.
- C. The incident has been newly created and is in the process of collecting diagnostic information.
- D. The data collection for the incident is complete and the incident can be packaged and sent to Oracle Support.

Answer: D

19. You executed this command to create a temporary table:

```
SQL> CREATE GLOBAL TEMPORARY TABLE report_work_area (startdate DATE, enddate DATE, class CHAR(20))  
ON COMMIT PRESERVE ROWS;
```

Which statement is true about the rows inserted into the REPORT\_WORK\_AREA table during a transaction?

- A. The rows stay in the table only until session termination.
- B. The rows stay in the table only until the next transaction starts on the table.
- C. The rows are visible to all current sessions after the transaction is committed.
- D. The rows stay available for subsequent sessions after the transaction is committed.

Answer: A

20. Your database is open and the LISTENER listener is running. The new DBA of the system stops the listener by using the command:

```
LSNRCTL> STOP
```

What happens to the sessions that are presently connected to the database instance?

- A. The sessions are able to perform only queries.
- B. The sessions are not affected and continue to function normally.
- C. The sessions are terminated and the active transactions are rolled back.
- D. The sessions are not allowed to perform any operations till the listener is started.

Answer: B

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