

1z0-403 Other Oracle Certification

Oracle Enterprise Linux System Administration

Practice Exam: 1z0-403 Exams

Exam Number/Code: 1z0-403

Exam Name: Enterprise Linux System Administration

Questions and Answers: 113 Q&As

([Other Oracle Certification](#))



Exam : [1z0-403](#)

"Enterprise Linux System Administration", also known as 1z0-403 exam, is a Oracle certification. With the complete collection of questions and answers, TestInside has assembled to take you through 113 Q&As to your 1z0-403 Exam preparation. In the 1z0-403 exam resources, you will cover every field and category in Oracle Certification helping to ready you for your successful Oracle Certification.

Quality and Value for the 1z0-403 Exam TestInside Practice Exams for Oracle **Other Oracle Certification** Certification 1z0-403 are written to the highest standards of technical accuracy, using only certified subject matter experts and published authors for development.

TestInside provide the professional Q&A.

1. We offer free update service for three month.

After you purchase our product, we will offer free update in time for three month.

2. High quality and Value for the 1z0-403 Exam.

1z0-403 simulation test questions, including the examination question and the answer, complete by our senior IT lecturers and the Other Oracle Certification product experts, included the current newest 1z0-403 examination questions.

3. 100% Guarantee to Pass Your Other Oracle Certification exam and get your Other Oracle Certification Certification.

If you do not pass the Oracle Certification 1z0-403 exam (Enterprise Linux System Administration) on your first attempt using our TestInside testing engine and pdf file, we will give you a FULL REFUND of your purchasing fee.

use TestInside 1z0-403 Q&A ensure you pass the exam at your first try.

TestInside professional provide Other Oracle Certification 1z0-403 the newest Q&A, completely covers 1z0-403 test original topic. With our complete Other Oracle Certification resources, you will minimize your Other Oracle Certification cost and be ready to pass your 1z0-403 tests on Your First Try, 100% Money Back Guarantee included!

[Oracle 1z0-403](#) Test belongs to one of the Other Oracle Certification certified test, if needs to obtain the Other Oracle Certification certificate, you also need to participate in other related test, the details you may visit the [Other Oracle Certification](#) certified topic, in there, you will see all related Other Oracle Certification certified subject of examination.

TestInside Testing Engine Features

Comprehensive questions and answers about 1z0-403 exam

1z0-403 exam questions accompanied by exhibits

Verified Answers Researched by Industry Experts and almost 100% correct

1z0-403 exam questions updated on regular basis

Same type as the certification exams, 1z0-403 exam preparation is in multiple-choice questions (MCQs).

Tested by multiple times before publishing

Try free 1z0-403 exam demo before you decide to buy it in Test-Inside.com.

Note: This pdf demo do not include the question's picture.

Exam : Oracle 1z0-403

Title : Enterprise Linux System Administration

1. Match the TCP Wrappers tokens with their descriptions: Token Function

1)%a A) the daemon process name

2)%d B) the daemon Process ID (PID)

3)%n C) client username obtained via the ident protocol

4)%p D) the client (server) IP address

5)%u E) the client hostname

A. 1-D, 2-E, 3-C, 4-B, 5-A

B. 1-A, 2-E, 3-B, 4-C, 5-D

C. 1-D, 2-A, 3-E, 4-B, 5-C

D. 1-A, 2-C, 3-E, 4-B, 5-D

Answer: C

2. As a Linux administrator, you issued the following command:

```
tune2fs -O ^has_journal /dev/sdb2
```

What is the purpose of issuing this command?

A. To convert the ext2 filesystem on the /dev/sdb2 disk partition to the ext3 filesystem

B. To convert the ext3 filesystem on the /dev/sdb2 disk partition to the ext2 filesystem

C. To attach the /dev/sdb2 filesystem to the journal block device located on external journal

D. To take a backup of the journal in the /dev/sdb2 filesystem in to the super block of the /dev/sdb2 filesystem

Answer: B

3. As a root user, you issue the following command at the tty1 terminal: [root@server1]# shutdown -k -t 5 now

"Server1 is going for a shutdown, Please save all your work" What is the purpose of issuing this command?

A. To shut down server1 by suppressing warning messages

B. To send warning messages to all the users logged on to server1 and then shut down server1

C. To send warning messages to all the users logged on to server1 before server1 goes for a reboot

D. To send only warning messages to all the users logged on to server1 without actually shutting server1 down

Answer: D

4. As a Linux administrator, you created a /dev/sdb5 disk partition with an ext3 filesystem. A

persistent configuration for /dev/sdb5 is given in the /etc/fstab file as shown below: /dev/sdb5 /data ext3 defaults 0 0

Which statements are true? (Choose all that apply.)

A. The /dev/sdb5 filesystem is mounted with the rw option on /data.

B. The /dev/sdb5 filesystem would be backed up automatically every alternative day.

C. The users on the system would be able to execute binaries in the /data directory as per the permissions.

D. The normal users on the system would be able to mount and unmount the /dev/sdb5 filesystem on /data.

E. The files copied to the /dev/sdb5 filesystem would be physically written on it with some delay time after the copy is done.

Answer: ACE

5. Which two statements are true about a kernel patch? (Choose two.)

- A. Patches are always the part of a released kernel tree.
- B. After applying a patch, it is important to remove the kernel sources of earlier versions.
- C. After applying a patch, it is important to make sure that the entire kernel configuration and Makefiles are cleaned up.
- D. If patches are not built from clean unpatched kernel sources, then a change in one patch may make other patches to fail.

Answer: CD

6. You have configured the system with a static IP address as shown below:

USERCTL=yes

DEVICE=eth0

BOOTPROTO=static

ONBOOT=yes

IPADDR=192.168.0.1

NETMASK=255.255.255.0

ETHTOOL_OPTS="speed 100 duplex full autoneg off"

Which two implications does it have on the system? (Choose two.)

- A. The IP address is retained across reboots.
- B. The ethtool constraints remain persistent across reboots.
- C. Normal users can modify the static IP address of the system by using the ifconfig command.
- D. Normal users cannot use ifup and ifdown commands to make the interface active and inactive, respectively.
- E. The system cannot contact any other system in the same network because the default gateway is missing in the configuration file.

Answer: AB

7. On an Oracle Enterprise Linux system, upon booting, you got an error message as shown in the Exhibit. Which minimal steps would you take to fix this issue and boot the system successfully?

(Choose all that apply.)

- A. Run e2fsck on root filesystem / after issuing the root password.
- B. Set Security Enhanced Linux (SELinux) on the system to permissive mode.
- C. Replace fs_freq and fs_passno in the /etc/fstab file with the value 0.
- D. Enter the root password and remount the root filesystem / in read/write mode.
- E. Identify the correct label for the root filesystem using the blkid or the e2label command.
- F. Change the LABEL=/1 entry with the original label of root filesystem / in the /etc/fstab file.

Answer: DEF

8. You want to load the main kernel module for USB support. Which command would help you achieve this task?

- A. modprobe usbhid
- B. modprobe usbcore
- C. modprobe uhci-hcd
- D. modprobe ehci-ocd

Answer: B

9. You have bound your system to the Network Information Service (NIS) domain ORACLE and all client-side configurations are done. The users report a problem that they are not able to log in through NIS accounts, whereas local users are successfully authenticated, after the system reboots. As a Linux administrator, you executed the nisdomainname command and you get the output "(none)", and no traces of yp are found in the /var/log/messages

file. What would you do to resolve this error? (Choose all that apply.)

- A. Re-create the NIS domain on the server that runs the NIS domain ORACLE.
- B. Restart the ypserv service on the server that runs the NIS domain ORACLE.
- C. Restart the network service on the server that runs the NIS domain ORACLE.
- D. Use the chkconfig command to set the ybind service to be on at the desired runlevels.
- E. Use the ntsysv command to select the ybind service to be automatically started with the desired runlevels.

Answer: DE

10. In which two situations would you use TCP as the preferred protocol to transfer data between different systems over a network spread across the globe? (Choose two.)

- A. When the integrity of the data is important
- B. When you want to retransmit the dropped packages
- C. When the connection with the other system is important
- D. When you want to establish a connection with another system before sending data

Answer: AD

11. Identify the situation in which you would opt for aggregating multiple networks into a single interface via the Etherchannel.

- A. To reduce redundancy in the event of hardware failure
- B. To meet the requirement of hosting multiple Web sites on a single computer
- C. When multiple IP networks are being used on the same physical network segment
- D. When the bandwidth requirements on the network continue to grow beyond the capacity of a single network interface

Answer: D

12. The output of the pstree command is shown below:

```
[root@server1 ~]# pstree | grep login
|-3*[login---bash]
|--login--bash--vim
|
```

Which command would you use to terminate all login sessions on the text terminals? (Choose all that apply.)

- A. pkill login
- B. kill -5 login
- C. killall login
- D. killall5 login
- E. kill -KILL login

Answer: AC

13. Match the shutdown options with their descriptions: Option Option Description

- 1) k a) forces fsck on reboot
 - 2) f b) uses /etc/shutdown.allow
 - 3) F c) skips fsck on reboot
 - 4) a d) sends warning messages to all those logged on without actually shutting down the system
- A. 1-d, 2-c, 3-a, 4-b
 - B. 1-c, 2-b, 3-d, 4-a
 - C. 1-a, 2-c, 3-d, 4-b
 - D. 1-b, 2-a, 3-c, 4-d

Answer: A

14. Which two statements are true regarding the local loopback interface? (Choose two.)

- A. It can be used to test the basic networking.

- B. Only 127.0.0.1 is bound to the loopback interface.
- C. It can be used to test a client/server application such as a web server.
- D. It is required to configure the local loopback address on a machine only when it is connected to a network.
- E. The local loopback address cannot be used to telnet to the machine itself even when the telnet service is configured and running.

Answer: AC

15. You have the 2.6.9 kernel and want to apply the patch 2.6.9-rc4 on an i686 machine. Which statement is true?

- A. The patch can be applied only to a 2.6.10 or later kernel.
- B. The patch can be applied after installing 2.6.9-rc4 source rpm.
- C. The patch cannot be applied to the available kernel because 2.6.9-rc4 is a predecessor of 2.6.9.
- D. The patch cannot be applied on the machine because it is not meant for an i686-architecture machine.

Answer: C

[More 1z0-403 Information](#)

Related 1z0-403 Exams

[1z0-047](#) Oracle Database SQL Expert

[1Z0-051](#) Oracle Database: SQL Fundamentals I

[1Z0-053](#) Oracle Database 11g: Administration II

[1Z0-215](#) Oracle E-Business Suite R12: General Ledger and Payables Fundamentals

[1Z0-218](#) PeopleSoft HRMS Fundamentals

[1z0-036](#) Managing Oracle9i on linux

[1z0-221](#) Oracle 11i inventory management fundamentals

[1Z0-055](#) Oracle Database 11g: New Features for 9i OCPs

[1Z0-216](#) Oracle E-Business Suite R12: General Ledger and Receivables Fundamentals

[1z0-233](#) Oracle 11i install, patch and maintain applications

[1z0-238](#) R12 Oracle: install, Patch and Maintain Oracle Applications

[1z0-231](#) Oracle implement workflow 11i/2.6

[1Z1-241](#) PeopleSoft Application Developer I: People Tools & PeopleCode

[1z0-264](#) Hyperion Essbase Analytics 9.3 Developer

[1z0-225](#) Oracle EBS R12: Inventory and Purchasing Fundamentals

[1z0-241](#) PeopleSoft Application Developer I: People Tools&PeopleCode

[1z0-202](#) Siebel 8 Consultant Exam

[1z0-204](#) Oracle EBS R12: E-Business Essentials

[1z0-223](#) Oracle order management 11i fundamentals

[1z0-212](#) Oracle payables 11i funfamentats

Other Oracle Exams

[1z0-095](#) [1z0-605](#) [1Z0-215](#) [1z0-031](#) [1z0-235](#) [1z0-101](#) [1z0-231](#) [1z0-271](#)

[1Z0-144](#) [1z0-054](#) [1z0-301](#) [1z0-223](#) [1z0-040](#) [1z0-312](#) [1z0-272](#) [1Z0-518](#)

[1z1-051](#) [1z0-130](#) [1z0-046](#) [1z1-046](#)