

## JN0-331 JNCIS

### Juniper Networks SEC,Specialist(JNCIS-SEC)

**Practice Exam:** JN0-331 Exams

**Exam Number/Code:** JN0-331

**Exam Name:** SEC,Specialist(JNCIS-SEC)

**Questions and Answers:** 131 Q&As

( [JNCIS](#) )



Exam : [JN0-331](#)

"SEC,Specialist(JNCIS-SEC)", also known as JN0-331 exam, is a Juniper Networks certification. With the complete collection of questions and answers, TestInside has assembled to take you through 131 Q&As to your JN0-331 Exam preparation. In the JN0-331 exam resources, you will cover every field and category in Juniper Networks Certification helping to ready you for your successful Juniper Networks Certification.

Quality and Value for the JN0-331 Exam TestInside Practice Exams for Juniper Networks **JNCIS** Certification JN0-331 are written to the highest standards of technical accuracy, using only certified subject matter experts and published authors for development.

#### ***TestInside provide the professional Q&A.***

1. We offer free update service for three month.

After you purchase our product, we will offer free update in time for three month.

2. High quality and Value for the JN0-331 Exam.

JN0-331 simulation test questions, including the examination question and the answer, complete by our senior IT lecturers and the JNCIS product experts, included the current newest JN0-331 examination questions.

3. 100% Guarantee to Pass Your JNCIS exam and get your JNCIS Certification.

If you do not pass the Juniper Networks Certification JN0-331 exam (SEC,Specialist(JNCIS-SEC)) on your first attempt using our TestInside testing engine and pdf file, we will give you a FULL REFUND of your purchasing fee.

#### ***use TestInside JN0-331 Q&A ensure you pass the exam at your first try.***

TestInside professional provide JNCIS JN0-331 the newest Q&A, completely covers JN0-331 test original topic. With our complete JNCIS resources, you will minimize your JNCIS cost and be ready to pass your JN0-331 tests on Your First Try, 100% Money Back Guarantee included!

[Juniper Networks JN0-331](#) Test belongs to one of the JNCIS certified test, if needs to obtain the JNCIS certificate, you also need to participate in other related test, the details you may visit the [JNCIS](#) certified topic, in there, you will see all related JNCIS certified subject of examination.

#### ***TestInside Testing Engine Features***

Comprehensive questions and answers about JN0-331 exam

JN0-331 exam questions accompanied by exhibits

Verified Answers Researched by Industry Experts and almost 100% correct

JN0-331 exam questions updated on regular basis

Same type as the certification exams, JN0-331 exam preparation is in multiple-choice questions (MCQs).

Tested by multiple times before publishing

Try free JN0-331 exam demo before you decide to buy it in Test-Inside.com.

Note: This pdf demo do not include the question's picture.

Exam : Juniper Networks JN0-331

Title : SEC,Specialist(JNCIS-SEC)

1. Which two statements are true regarding proxy ARP? (Choose two.)

- A. Proxy ARP is enabled by default.
- B. Proxy ARP is not enabled by default.
- C. JUNOS security devices can forward ARP requests to a remote device when proxy ARP is enabled.
- D. JUNOS security devices can reply to ARP requests intended for a remote device when proxy ARP is enabled.

Answer: BD

2. Regarding zone types, which statement is true?

- A. You cannot assign an interface to a functional zone.
- B. You can specify a functional zone in a security policy.
- C. Security zones must have a scheduler applied.
- D. You can use a security zone for traffic destined for the device itself.

Answer: D

3. For IKE phase 1 negotiations, when is aggressive mode typically used?

- A. when one of the tunnel peers has a dynamic IP address
- B. when one of the tunnel peers wants to force main mode to be used
- C. when fragmentation of the IKE packet is required between the two peers
- D. when one of the tunnel peers wants to specify a different phase 1 proposal

Answer: A

4. Which two statements describe the difference between JUNOS Software for security platforms and a traditional router? (Choose two.)

- A. JUNOS Software for security platforms supports NAT and PAT; a traditional router does not support NAT or PAT.
- B. JUNOS Software for security platforms secures traffic by default; a traditional router does not secure traffic by default.
- C. JUNOS Software for security platforms allows for session-based forwarding; a traditional router uses packet-based forwarding.
- D. JUNOS Software for security platforms separates broadcast domains; a traditional router does not separate broadcast domains.

Answer: BC

5. Click the Exhibit button.

[edit schedulers]

user@host# show

scheduler now {

monday all-day;

tuesday exclude;

wednesday {

start-time 07:00:00 stop-time 18:00:00;

}

thursday {

start-time 07:00:00 stop-time 18:00:00;

```
}
}
[edit security policies from-zone Private to-zone External]
user@host# show
policy allowTransit {
  match {
    source-address PrivateHosts;
    destination-address ExtServers;
    application ExtApps;
  }
  then {
    permit {
      tunnel {
        ipsec-vpn myTunnel;
      }
    }
  }
}
scheduler-name now;
```

Based on the configuration shown in the exhibit, what are the actions of the security policy?

- A. The policy will always permit transit packets and use the IPsec VPN myTunnel.
- B. The policy will permit transit packets only on Monday, and use the IPsec VPN Mytunnel.
- C. The policy will permit transit packets and use the IPsec VPN myTunnel all day Monday and Wednesday 7am to 6pm, and Thursday 7am to 6pm.
- D. The policy will always permit transit packets, but will only use the IPsec VPN myTunnel all day Monday and Wednesday 7am to 6pm, and Thursday 7am to 6pm.

Answer: C

6. Click the Exhibit button.

```
[edit groups]
user@host# show
node0 {
  system {
    host-name NODE0;
  }
  interfaces {
    fxp0 {
      unit 0 {
        family inet {
          address 1.1.1.1/24;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
node1 {
  system {
    host-name NODE1;
  }
  interfaces {
    fxp0 {
      unit 0 {
        family inet {
          address 1.1.1.2/24;
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
}  
}  
}  
}  
}
```

In the exhibit, what is the function of the configuration statements?

- A. This section is where you define all chassis clustering configuration.
- B. This configuration is required for members of a chassis cluster to talk to each other.
- C. You can apply this configuration in the chassis cluster to make configuration easier.
- D. This section is where unique node configuration is applied.

Answer: D

7. Which three functions are provided by JUNOS Software for security platforms? (Choose three.)

- A. VPN establishment
- B. stateful ARP lookups
- C. Dynamic ARP inspection
- D. Network Address Translation
- E. inspection of packets at higher levels (Layer 4 and above)

Answer: ADE

8. Regarding attacks, which statement is correct?

- A. Both DoS and propagation attacks exploit and take control of all unprotected network devices.
- B. Propagation attacks focus on suspicious packet formation using the DoS SYN-ACK-ACK proxy flood.
- C. DoS attacks are directed at the network protection devices, while propagation attacks are directed at the servers.
- D. DoS attacks are exploits in nature, while propagation attacks use trust relationships to take control of the devices.

Answer: D

9. A traditional router is better suited than a firewall device for which function?

- A. VPN establishment
- B. packet-based forwarding
- C. stateful packet processing
- D. Network Address Translation

Answer: B

10. Which two statements describe the difference between JUNOS Software for security platforms and a traditional router? (Choose two.)

- A. JUNOS Software for security platforms supports NAT and PAT; a traditional router does not support NAT or PAT.
- B. JUNOS Software for security platforms does not forward traffic by default; a traditional router forwards traffic by default.
- C. JUNOS Software for security platforms uses session-based forwarding; a traditional router uses packet-based forwarding.
- D. JUNOS Software for security platforms performs route lookup for every packet; a traditional router performs route lookup only for the first packet.

Answer: BC

[More JN0-331 Information](#)

#### **Related JN0-331 Exams**

[JN0-331](#) SEC, Specialist(JNCIS-SEC)

[jn0-531](#) FWV, Specailist(JNCIS-FWV)

[JN0-350](#) ER.Specialist(JNCIS-ER)

[jn0-330](#) JN0-330-Enhanced Services, Specialist(JNCIS-ES)

JN0-532 *Juniper Networks Certified Internet Specialist, FWV (JNCIS-FWV)*

jn0-303 *juniper networks certified internet specialist.m(jncis-m)*

jn0-130 *juniper networks certified internet specialist.e(jncis-e)*

jn0-530 *juniper networks certified internet specialist(jncis-fw)*

### **Other Juniper Networks Exams**

JN0-141    jn0-120    JN0-340    jn0-540    jn0-303    JN0-532    JN0-321    JN0-350

JN0-311    jn0-140    jn0-570    jn0-541    jn0-531    jn0-201    JN0-521    JN0-100

jn0-530    JN0-400    jn0-561    JN0-341